
Quick-Start Protocol

CarbonPrep Viral

Upon receiving your kit

- Add molecular biology grade ethanol to each bottle which requires it. Check the boxes when this is complete.
- We recommend 96-well plate magnetic stands in a 24 post style or 6 bar style.
- Combine Trizol with RPS Viral. Add 7 μL of RPS viral for every 100 μL of Trizol.

Setup before performing extractions

- Take 70 μL of carbon beads, place them in a magnetic stand. After the beads have separated, remove the clear storage buffer. You will use this in step 2.
- In all mix steps, do at least 6 pipette strokes for best results.
- You will need 200 proof molecular biology grade ethanol in step 3.

Procedure

- 1) **Lysis:** add 107 μL of Trizol with RPS V to 100 μL of sample, such as saliva or viral transport media (VTM). For other volumes of input material, refer to the table below. Incubate for 5 minutes. Mix every 90 second.
- 2) Transfer the solution to the tube containing the carbon beads. Mix well by pipetting up and down. Incubate for 4 min at RT.
- 3) **Binding:** Add 200 μL of ethanol and mix well immediately. The texture of the carbon beads will change. This is RNA binding to the beads.
- 4) **Washing:** Add 480 μL of RPS Wash Buffer (WBRPS) and mix well. Place on a magnetic stand for 45 secs or until black aggregates are collected, and then remove supernatant.
- 5) Add 480 μL of Wash Buffer (WB) and mix well. Place on a magnetic stand for 45 secs or until black aggregates are collected, and then remove supernatant.
- 6) Add 160 μL of Wash Buffer (WB) and mix well. Place on a magnetic stand for 45 secs or until black aggregates are collected, and then remove supernatant. For best results and to ensure all protein/DNA contamination is removed, you can transfer the mixture to a fresh 1.5 ml tube.
- 7) Remove all liquid and then dry the beads for 10 mins (will dry faster if placed in a hood). After a few minutes, remove liquid again; residual liquid on walls may pool at the bottom of the vial. Ethanol promotes binding so

- dry beads long enough such that the ethanol evaporates but not so long such that the water also evaporates.
- 8) After drying add 30 - 100 μL of elution buffer, 30 μL is recommended. If performing manual extractions, mix and heat samples for 5 min at 65 degree to promote RNA release. On automated instruments, release can be achieved by vigorous mixing.
 - 9) After heating, mix/flick samples. If performing manual extractions, then centrifuge at 10,000 g for 2 min to separate beads from RNA elute. On automated instruments, a magnet can be used but use a long wait time (>5 min) to ensure beads are fully separated.
 - 10) After centrifugation step, place tube on magnetic stand and collect the clear liquid which contains pure RNA.

Reagent Volume Quick Reference

| Saliva or VTM* | Trizol Volume | RPS V | Ethanol |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 100 μL | 100 μL | 7 μL | 200 μL |
| 150 μL | 150 μL | 11 μL | 300 μL |
| 200 μL | 200 μL | 14 μL | 400 μL |

*Viral transport media